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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/579,949	05/26/2000	James L. Winkler	03848-00006	9220	
28315 7	7590 03/31/2003				
BANNER & WITCOFF LTD.,			EXAMIN	EXAMINER	
1001 G STREI	•		LUDLOW, JAN M		
ELEVENTH FLOOR WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4597			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	.,		1743	- -7	
			DATE MAILED: 03/31/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Auglingtion No	Applicants.	<u>a</u>		
•	Application No.	Applicant(s))		
	09/579,949	WINKLER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Jan M. Ludlow	1743			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence add	iress		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a within the statutory minimum of thi will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely NTHS from the mailing date of this co BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	mmunication.		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u> </u>				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Thi	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>48-178</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>124-178</u> is/are withdr	awn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	•				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>48-123</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r				
10)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>26 May 2000</u> is/are: a)□ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in /	Application No			
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 15)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	• •				
Attachment(s)	•	- -			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of	v Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s Informal Patent Application (PTC			



or Number. 03/3/3,34

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1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

I. Claims 48-123, drawn to a method, classified in class 436, subclass 180.

II. Claims 124-178, drawn to an apparatus, classified in class 422, subclass 100.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

2. Inventions I and II are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the method can be practiced by hand without a positioning system.

- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 5. During a telephone conversation with John Iwanicki on September 2002 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of group I, claims 48-123. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 124-178 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.



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- 6. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).
- 7. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: In the continuity data, it is stated that Serial No. 07/796243 filed November 22, 1991 is a C-I-P of Serial number 07/874849 filed April 24, 1992, but it is unclear how an earlier filed application can claim priority to a later filed application.

Appropriate correction is required.

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.



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10. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

11. Claims 48-85, 87-110, 112-123 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pirrung (WO/90/15070) in view of Southern (WO 89/10977) and Hayes and Prats.

Pirrung et al teach a method for forming arrays of biological polymers by coating a substrate with a protected linker, using a mask to deprotect in desired areas, adding an optionally protected monomer, reacting with the linker and repeating the steps to form an array (See, e.g., p. 4-7; pages 14-16, page 18 and page 28).

Pirrung fails to teach depositing by a dispenser as claimed.

Southern teaches a method similar to that of Pirrung. An ink jet printer may be used to deposit monomers (p. 11).

Hayes teaches an ink jet printer for printing reagents. Droplets of 100 picoliters to 1 microliter are produced. Multiple dispensers 400 and movement between the print head(s) and substrate are used.

Hayes fails to teach positioning of the print head.



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Prats teaches precise positioning of a print head in X, Y and Z directions to enhance printing (col. 1, lines 38-55) using an optical positioning system.

It would have been obvious to provide the monomers in the invention of Pirrung using an inkjet print with plural heads and relative motion means in order to provide the monomers by known means as taught by Pirrung on page 4, the known means being suitably an inkjet printer as taught by Southern and Hayes. With respect to claims limited to pipettes, it would have been obvious to use a micropipette in place of a print jet in order to deliver similar volumes as taught by Sanz. It would have been obvious to provide the dispenser spaced form the surface in order to permit drop formation and to provide means to move the dispenser relative to the substrate in order to provide art recognized equivalent to moving the substrate relative to the dispenser as taught by Prats.

- 12. Claims 76, 86, 111 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pirrung in view of Sanz and Meltzer.
- 13. Pirrung fails to teach a pipet or plurality of pipets.

Sanz teaches a micropipet for dispensing 1 nl of biological fluids (col. 1, lines 5-12).

Meltzer teaches a positioning device for pipets for pipetting small volumes. The pipets are precisely located in the X-Y-Z dimensions (col. 1, lines 50-60) by a computer using optical, magnetic or other position detectors (col. 8, lines 1-10).

14. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the pipet of Sanz with the positioning device of Meltzer in

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the method of Pirrung in order to provide the monomers by known means as taught by Pirrung on page 4, the known means being dispenser(s) of small volumes precisely into arrays as taught by Sanz and Meltzer.

15. The information disclosure statement filed March 12, 2002 is missing from the Application file. The examiner has considered the IDS of record in the parent application and has not provided copies of those references cited therein. It would be appreciated if applicant could provide a substitute copy of the IDS filed March 12, 2002 for completeness of the record.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jan M. Ludlow whose telephone number is (703) 308-4039. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 11:30 am - 8:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill A. Warden can be reached on (703) 308-4037. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661. In Milla

> Jan M. Ludlow **Primary Examiner** Art Unit 1743

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March 24, 2003